Moral Right(s) from a Copyright Perspective

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The discourse of "copyright" v. "authors' rights"

- Complicating the story
 - Unity of the "copyright world"?
 - Moral rights in the "copyright world" only partially developed?

Common features of moral rights laws in the "copyright world"

- Tendency to view rights as separate and individual, rather than as derived from a single principle
- Legislative style drafted in extensive detail
- No protection beyond Art 6*bis*, BC
 - No divulgation/withdrawal rights
 - Circumscribed integrity right

Common features of moral rights laws in the "copyright world"

- Protection limited to the copyright term (at most)
- Waiver generally permitted (but no transfer)
- Pragmatic exclusions employees, for example

Diversity within the "copyright world"

- Works covered
- Rights granted
- Term of protection
- Exclusions
- Exceptions
- Waiver
- Relationship with other forms of legal protection

Second complication

- Moral rights in the "copyright world" partially developed?
- Metaphors of development

The incomplete journey

"...[T]he United States lags woefully behind other countries in its adoption of moral rights..."

(RR Kwall, The Soul of Creativity (2010), 34)

Immaturity

"...[T]he United Kingdom paternity and integrity rights are recognisable only as the sickly children of the Berne parent."

(G Davies & K Garnett, Moral Rights (2010) 80)

Immaturity

"...[A] widely held belief...that the concept of moral rights is a relatively novel intruder into common law copyright systems; and that such systems...are being compelled, *kicking and screaming*, to dilute their pure economic approach with alien personality rights."

(G Dworkin, "Moral Rights and the Common Law Countries", Proceedings of ALAI Antwerp Congress (1993) [italics added])

Metaphors of development

- Images of journey and growth based on the same fundamental assumption
- Existence of an *ideal form* of moral rights protection
- Optimism copyright systems will, in time, develop towards this ideal state

Evidence of "progress" / "growth"

- Implementation of the WPPT
- Introduction of more author-protective legislation – Copyright Amendment (Moral Rights) Act 2000
- India Amar Nath Sehgal v Union of India (2005) (Delhi High Court)

Evidence of resistance

- International / supranational law
- Limited case-law
- Persistence of considerable uncertainty
- Narrow interpretation of statutory rights
- Lanham Act protection (US) *Dastar* and subsequent jurisprudence

Reasons for resistance

- Economic interests?
- Adherence to principles of freedom of contract / property?
- A concern for "fit" / the integrity of legal systems

The end of the road? Coming of age?

- Broadening of the scope of the integrity right?
- Extension of the duration of moral rights

Conclusion

- Need for a nuanced approach to the "copyright world"
- No assumption of further "development"

 moral rights in the "copyright world" as
 products of complex policy choices